



Inflation is the Fed's top priority

The number one priority at the Fed is to bring inflation down, which will require interest rates to move higher much faster than previously anticipated. Fed officials have no clear view about how elevated inflation will turn out to be at the end of the year, and hence the extent to which they will need to tighten policy. Still, they expect to bring inflation down with minimum collateral damage to growth and the labour market, which we find highly optimistic.

Unsurprisingly, the USD yield curve continues to flatten and has even started to invert at selected maturity points. This reflects the market's view that the Fed will have limited capacity to raise rates given a macro cycle that is already decelerating. While a flat or slightly inverted yield curve does not necessarily signal a firm top for long-term rates, it is a bright warning sign that the Fed runs the risk of tightening too much too fast, with all the negative implications for asset prices.

US equities, finally, remain in a difficult spot. With more than 70% of items in the CPI basket seeing prices rise faster than 5%, the risk of high inflation rates becoming entrenched has risen. At the same time, macro momentum is softening, which is also reflected in weakening earnings prospects. Consequently, risks remains elevated as potentially more Fed tightening and higher real rates on the one hand are met with a moderating cycle and falling earnings expectations on the other.

This week's highlights

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Fundamentals remain challenging

Economic Calendar

Week of 21/03 – 25/03/2022

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US macro

Fed has become laser focused on bringing down inflation

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Lift-off finally happened on Wednesday. The median dot shows another six 25bp rate hikes this year, and at least three in 2023

The focus of the meeting was clearly on inflation. With the war raging in Ukraine, it is likely to peak at a higher level and later than previously expected. The answer from Fed officials is to bring the monetary stance back to neutral and then into tight territory as soon as possible. At 2.75%, the median expectation for the policy rate is expected to be higher than the neutral rate (2.4%) by the end of 2023. And this doesn't take into account the tightening of monetary conditions that will result from the balance sheet runoff, which could start as soon as May.

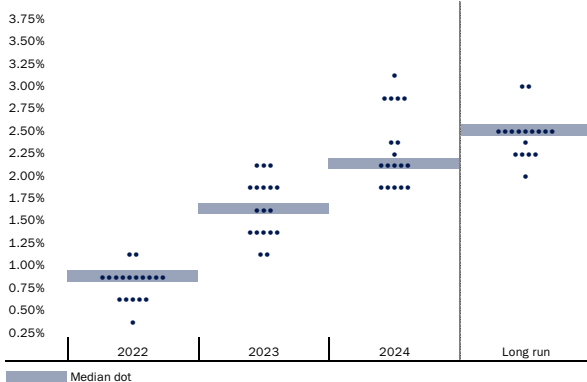
Officials are highly optimistic about their ability to bring inflation down, while doing minimum damage to growth or the labour market

The new forecasts for the economy are very optimistic, Fed officials think that they can tighten policy much faster and bring inflation down eventually toward its target with minimum impact on growth and without hurting the labour market. Indeed, GDP growth forecasts for 2023 and 2024 were left unchanged. And while their forecasts for this year were revised down quite materially (2.8%, from 4.0%), Mr. Powell mentioned that it had more to do with the fallout from the war rather than with tighter policy. The forecasts for the unemployment rate was basically left unchanged over the next three years. Needless to say, many things will need to fall into place for this scenario to materialize.

There is no consensus within the FOMC about how much and how fast they will need to tighten policy to bring inflation under control

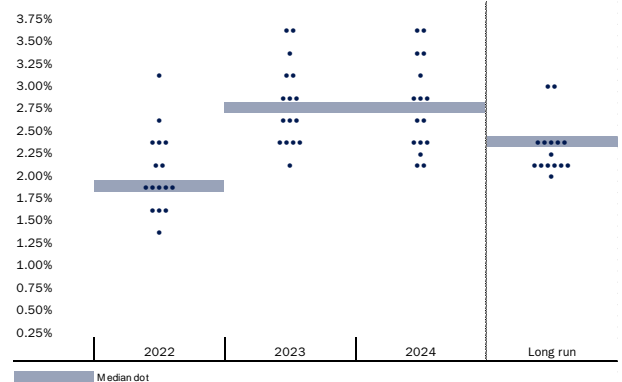
In addition, the range of estimates has become very wide. Back in December, no Fed official thought that rates could go beyond 2.25% by the end of 2023. Now, almost all of them think that they will go at least this far, and two officials believe rates will go as high as 3.75% (Exhibits 1-2). The spread between the lowest and highest estimates has increased from 0.75 percentage points (pp) to 1.75. This wide range of views clearly reflects the spread of views on inflation, which covers almost 2pp (from 1.2 three months ago). Obviously, uncertainty has risen significantly as the economy is being hit by yet another exogenous shock, which could evolve in very different ways. While it's obvious where monetary policy is headed to, the pace at which it will be tightened is all but certain.

Exhibit 1: December 2021 dot plot



Source: Federal Reserve, Bank J. Safra Sarasin, 17.03.2022

Exhibit 2: March 2022 dot plot



Source: Federal Reserve, Bank J. Safra Sarasin, 17.03.2022



US fixed income

USD yield curve shows signs of inversion

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The market's attention continues to focus on the shape of the US yield curve and the fact that it has started to invert at selected maturity points. This reflects the market's view that the Fed will have more limited capacity to raise rates given a macro cycle that is already decelerating. While a flat or slightly inverted yield curve does not necessarily signal a firm top for long-term rates, it is a bright warning sign that the Fed runs the risk of tightening too much too fast, with all the implications for asset prices.

The Fed has delivered what was expected

As expected, the Fed has confirmed that it is committed to tighten policy quickly in order to rein in rapidly rising inflationary expectations. The March median FOMC projections put the Fed Funds rate at 2.75% by the end of 2023. Consequently, monetary policy would be in restrictive territory by the Fed's own definition of the neutral rate (which was brought down to 2.4% from 2.5%). Additionally, the balance sheet run-off could start as early as May and should largely run in the background.

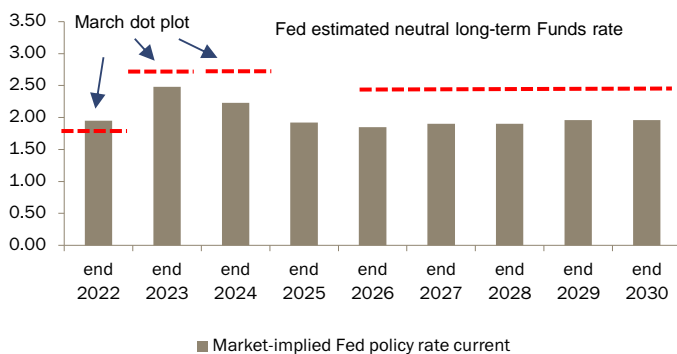
The market's reaction to the FOMC decision was muted

The reaction to the latest dot plot and the hawkish statement from Chair Powell was fairly muted since the market had already repriced rate expectations. Still, the market continues to price a shallower rate cycle than the FOMC members' own projections (Exhibit 1). Indeed, their growth projections for 2023 and 2024 look quite optimistic given the rapid pace of expected rate rises.

The yield curve continues to flatten and inverts at selected maturity points

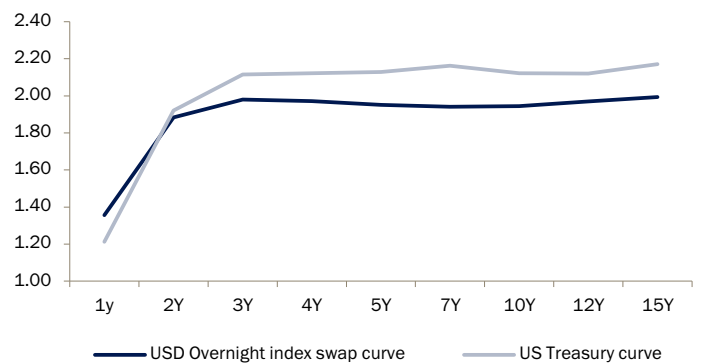
The Treasury yield curve has continued its flattening trend after the FOMC decision, as one would expect in a tightening cycle. Interestingly, the USD yield curve has started to invert selectively from the 3-year maturity onwards, underlining the market's view that the Fed will have a much more limited capacity to tighten given a macro cycle that is already decelerating (Exhibit 2).

Exhibit 1: Fed wants to rapidly guide Funds rate into restrictive territory



Source: Bloomberg, Bank J. Safra Sarasin, 17.03.2022

Exhibit 2: USD yield curves are starting to selectively invert



Source: Bloomberg, Bank J. Safra Sarasin, 17.03.2022

The yield curve is flashing a bright warning sign that the Fed runs the risk of tightening too much too quickly

Still, a flat or slightly inverted yield curve at the current stage does not necessarily signal a firm top for long-term rates yet. There is a risk that further upward pressure on short-term rates – in case the Fed needs to do even more - could also drag long-term rates up for a while. Nevertheless, the yield curve is flashing a bright warning sign that the Fed runs the risk of tightening too much too fast.



US equities

Fundamentals remain challenging

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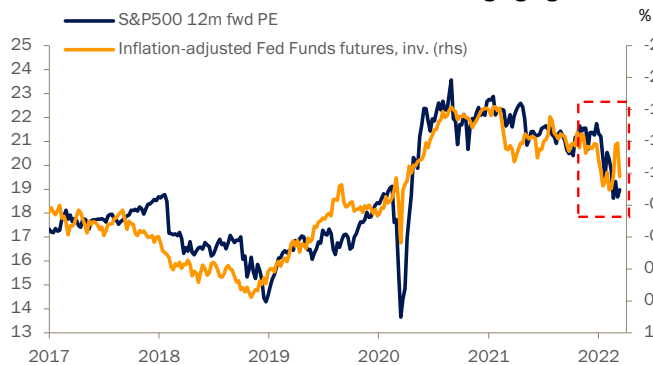
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US equities remain in a challenging environment. We would not recommend to chase the recent rebound. After the onset of the Ukraine war, the Fed is in an even more difficult spot. With more than 70% of items in the CPI basket seeing prices rise faster than 5%, the risk of high inflation rates becoming entrenched has risen. Yet the Fed is priced for the shallowest hiking cycle on record. At the same time, macro momentum is softening, which is also reflected in weakening earnings prospects. Consequently, risks remain elevated as potentially more Fed tightening and higher real rates on the one hand are met with a weaker cycle and falling earnings expectations on the other.

Markets have recovered somewhat as risks have faded

As markets perceive that some risks from the Ukraine war have faded somewhat over recent days, equity markets have rallied. US valuations have recovered from their sub-19x levels, which had been reached despite a sharp drop in real rates (Exhibit 1). The reason for this divergence was a typical risk-off reaction across asset classes. Bond yields retreated, equities dropped and credit spreads widened. As risks have abated, rates and valuations have started to converge again from both ends and the equity market gap to the rates and credit market is disappearing quickly (Exhibit 2).

Exhibit 1: Real Fed Funds futures and PEs converging again



Source: Refinitiv, Bank J. Safra Sarasin, 16.03.2022

Exhibit 2: The gap can be attributed to a risk-off reaction



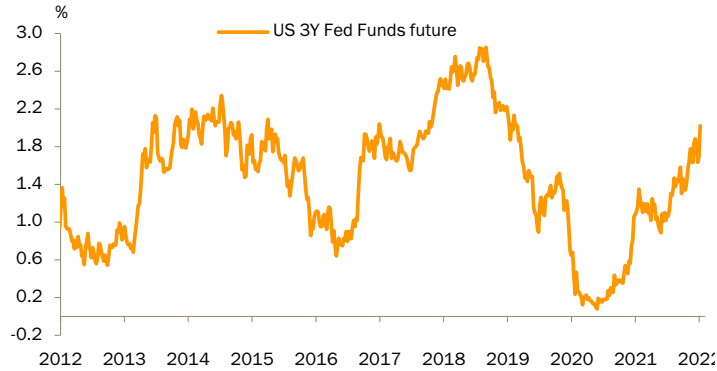
Source: Refinitiv, Bank J. Safra Sarasin, 16.03.2022

Fundamental challenges remain in place

With the prospect for markets to move beyond the immediate shock of the Ukraine invasion, we revisit our cautious tactical stance on equities. Although some major pressure points, like commodity prices, have eased slightly, the fundamental situation remains largely unchanged compared to four weeks ago. While the market has sharply repriced expectations for the Fed and equities have de-rated accordingly, we believe the fundamental setup remains challenging. Market pricing for the Fed's current cycle is much shallower than in previous ones (Exhibit 3), in line with the Fed's own guidance. Yet inflation rates are substantially higher, suggesting that even after the latest repricing, the Fed might still need to do more (Exhibit 4).

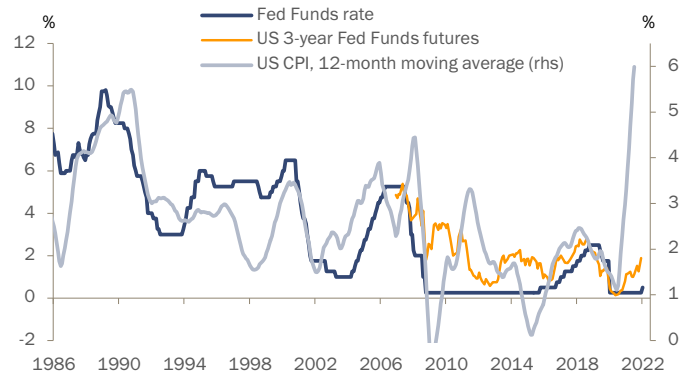


Exhibit 3: The current Fed pricing sees a shallower cycle than 2018



Source: Refinitiv, Bank J. Safra Sarasin, 16.03.2022

Exhibit 4: Inflation is highest in 40+ years

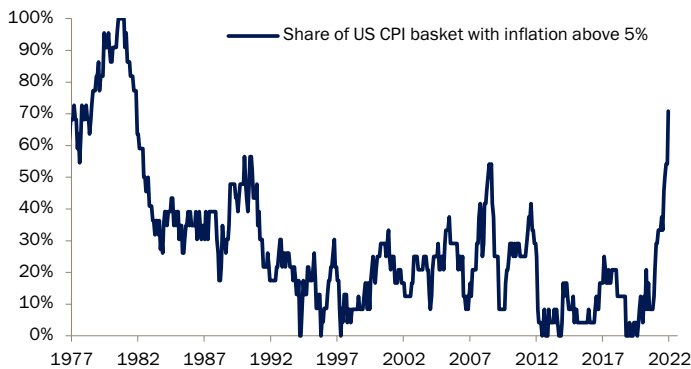


Source: Refinitiv, Bank J. Safra Sarasin, 16.03.2022

Inflation remains high and broad-based, while the Fed is priced for a fairly shallow cycle

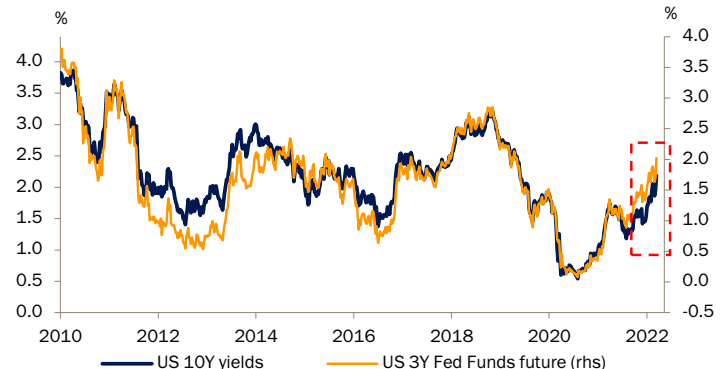
There is the hope that inflation comes down naturally due to base effects and pandemic-driven shortages unwinding. However, this is at odds with the inflation dynamics itself. While inflation was a function of just a few items in the consumer basket initially, it has broadened substantially over recent months. As of February, more than 70% of the US inflation basket is seeing prices rise by more than 5% (yoy), which is the highest share of above-5% items since the late 1970s (Exhibit 5). With the risk of high inflation becoming increasingly entrenched, risks biased towards a more hawkish Fed policy trajectory remain in place, keeping upside pressure on Fed Funds futures alive. Accordingly, US 10-year yields are unlikely to retreat from their current 3-year high, unless weaker economic data start to bite (Exhibit 6).

Exhibit 5: The breadth of inflation across CPI basket items is worrying



Source: Refinitiv, Bank J. Safra Sarasin, 16.03.2022

Exhibit 6: Fed Funds futures are driving 10-year yields higher



Source: Refinitiv, Bank J. Safra Sarasin, 16.03.2022

Fed tightening into a softening macro momentum bears risks as earnings fail to provide much support

Such a scenario cannot be fully discounted. The 100bp rise in the 10-year yield over the past six months happened against the backdrop of a falling US macro momentum. This is a reflection of the more advanced stage of the cycle during which the Fed now starts to tighten. Under its old framework, it would likely have raised policy rates last year when growth was still accelerating. This time around, the Fed is tightening into a softening cycle (Exhibit 7). This deceleration in the momentum data is more than just base effects as can be seen in consensus revisions for US earnings. These have turned negative this week, for the first time since mid-2020, mimicking 6-month changes in the US manufacturing purchasing managers index ISM (Exhibit 8).

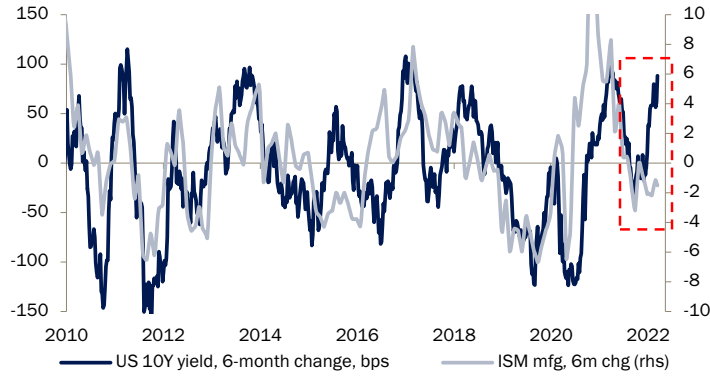


Cross-Asset Weekly

18 March 2022

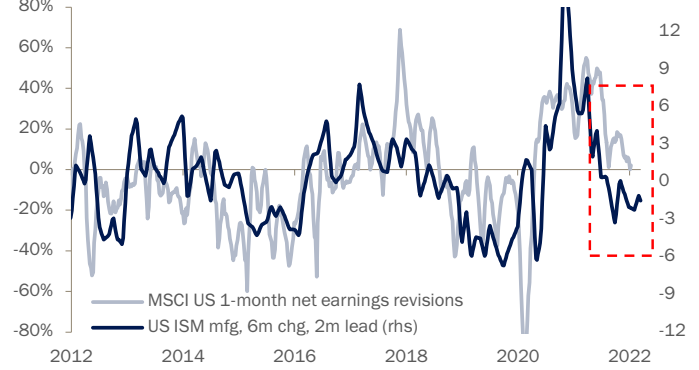


Exhibit 7: Rise in 10-year yields comes as macro momentum slows



Source: Refinitiv, Bank J. Safra Sarasin, 16.03.2022

Exhibit 8: Earnings revisions are negative for first time since mid-2020



Source: Refinitiv, Bank J. Safra Sarasin, 16.03.2022

The Fed remains in a difficult spot, with higher real rates or a weakening cycle the most likely outcome. Either are headwinds for equities.

Bottom-line, the Fed remains in a difficult spot. Inflation proves to be a bigger challenge than it had assumed and may well require more tightening than currently priced – unless demand fades more quickly for other reasons. In either scenario, equities continue to face headwinds and are unlikely to see new highs for the time being.



Economic Calendar

Week of 21/03 – 25/03/2022

Country	Time	Item	Date	Unit	Consensus	
					Forecast	Prev.
Monday, 21.03.2022						
GE	08:00	PPI MoM	Feb	mom	--	2.20%
	08:00	PPI YoY	Feb	yoy	--	25.00%
US	13:30	Chicago Fed Nat. Activity Index	Feb	Index	--	0.69
Tuesday, 22.03.2022						
US	15:00	Richmond Fed Manuf. Index	Mar	Index	0.0	1.0
Wednesday, 23.03.2022						
UK	08:00	CPI YoY	Feb	yoy	5.90%	5.50%
	08:00	CPI Core YoY	Feb	yoy	--	4.40%
US	12:00	MBA Mortgage Applications	Mar18	wow	--	-1.20%
	15:00	New Home Sales	Feb	1'000	814k	801k
Thursday, 24.03.2022						
FR	09:15	Markit France Manf. PMI	Mar	Index	--	57.20
GE	09:30	Markit Germany Manf. PMI	Mar	Index	--	58.40
EU	10:00	Markit Eurozone Manf. PMI	Mar	Index	--	58.20
UK	10:30	Markit UK Manf. PMI	Mar	Index	--	58.00
US	14:45	S&P Global US Manf PMI	Mar	Index	55.00	57.30
	16:00	Kansas City Manf. PMI	Mar	Index	--	29.00
Friday, 25.03.2022						
GE	10:00	IFO Expectations Index	Mar	Index	--	99.20
US	15:00	U. of Mich. 5-10 Yr Inflation	Mar F	%	--	3.00%

Source: Bloomberg, J. Safra Sarasin as of 17.03.2022



Market Performance

Global Markets in Local Currencies

Government Bonds	Current value	Δ 1W	Δ YTD	TR YTD in %
Swiss Eidgenosse 10 year (%)	0.41	6	55	-3.8
German Bund 10 year (%)	0.40	15	58	-4.4
UK Gilt 10 year (%)	1.57	7	59	-4.1
US Treasury 10 year (%)	2.18	19	67	-5.4
French OAT - Bund, spread (bp)	45	-2	8	
Italian BTP - Bund, spread (bp)	152	-8	17	

Stock Markets	Level	P/E ratio	1W TR in %	TR YTD in %
SMI - Switzerland	12'062	17.6	6.4	-5.2
DAX - Germany	14'388	12.9	7.0	-9.4
MSCI Italy	758	9.3	5.0	-11.8
IBEX - Spain	8'412	12.6	4.2	-3.1
DJ Euro Stoxx 50 - Eurozone	3'885	13.3	6.4	-9.3
MSCI UK	2'108	11.3	4.0	2.4
S&P 500 - USA	4'412	19.6	3.6	-7.1
Nasdaq 100 - USA	14'119	24.8	3.9	-13.3
MSCI Emerging Markets	1'121	12.2	1.7	-8.8

Forex - Crossrates	Level	3M implied volatility	1W in %	YTD in %
USD-CHF	0.94	6.6	0.4	2.6
EUR-CHF	1.04	7.1	1.9	0.4
GBP-CHF	1.23	7.3	1.2	0.0
EUR-USD	1.11	7.6	1.5	-2.2
GBP-USD	1.32	8.0	0.9	-2.6
USD-JPY	119.0	6.9	1.4	3.4
EUR-GBP	0.84	6.5	0.6	0.4
EUR-SEK	10.45	8.5	-1.9	2.0
EUR-NOK	9.75	9.1	-0.8	-2.4

Commodities	Level	3M realised volatility	1W in %	YTD in %
Bloomberg Commodity Index	125	31.0	-0.9	25.4
Brent crude oil - USD / barrel	113	76.7	-1.3	43.5
Gold bullion - USD / Troy ounce	1'934	19.6	-3.2	6.6

Source: J. Safra Sarasin, Bloomberg as of 17.03.2022



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